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Employment in South Coast: November 2024

South Coast Employment Mixed Over the Year as Coos County Sees Gains

Coos County total payroll employment slipped by 30 jobs in November. Industries with losses over the month were leisure and hospitality (-30); professional and business services (-30); construction (-30); and food manufacturing (-20). Slight employment gains were estimated in retail trade (+20), and transportation, warehousing, and utilities (+20). Government employment rose by 60 jobs with gains in local government education (+70), and local government excluding education and tribal (+20). Those gains were slightly offset by losses of 10 in federal, state, and Indian tribal government employment.

Since November 2023, Coos County has gained 420 payroll jobs, an increase of 1.8%. Employment gains occurred in leisure and hospitality (+130); other services (+110); professional and business services (+80); manufacturing (+40); and private education and health services (+40). The largest job loss occurred in retail trade, down by 110 jobs. Other industries with job losses included wholesale trade (-40), and mining and logging (-30). Government employment rose by 180 jobs over the year, with local government (+190) accounting for the gain.

Curry County payroll employment fell by 100 jobs in November. Leisure and hospitality lost 90 jobs while retail trade employment slipped by 10. Construction also lost 10 jobs.

Over the past year, Curry County lost 60 payroll employment jobs. Industries showing job declines since November 2023 included retail trade (-90); financial activities (-50); and mining, logging, and construction (-20). Leisure and hospitality (+40), and professional and business services (+20) added jobs since November 2023. Government employment rose by 60, with the increase occurring in local government excluding educational services.

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the December county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, Jan. 28th, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for December on Thursday, Jan. 23rd.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

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The pdf version of the news release, including tables and graphs, can be found at www.qualityinfo.org/press-release/. To obtain the data in other formats such as in Excel, visit QualityInfo.org, select Tools, and choose LAUS or CES from the dropdown menu. To request the press release as a Word document, contact the person shown at the top of this press release.

To file an Unemployment Insurance claim, visit our online claims system or call our contact centers, where Employment Department staff are ready to help by phone, at 1-877-FILE-4-UI (1-877-345-3484). For help finding jobs and training resources, go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

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Workforce & Economic Research Division

QualityInfo.org

December 24, 2024

Coos County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	November 2024	October 2024	November 2023	October 2024	November 2023
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	26,864	26,956	26,822	-92	42
Unemployed	1,205	1,201	1,195	4	10
Unemployment rate	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	0.0	0.0
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	4.8%	4.8%	4.7%	0.0	0.1
Employed	25,659	25,755	25,627	-96	32
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	23,650	23,680	23,230	-30	420
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	23,550	23,580	23,120	-30	430
Total private	17,680	17,770	17,440	-90	240
Mining, logging, and construction	1,460	1,500	1,500	-40	-40
Mining and logging	320	330	350	-10	-30
Construction	1,140	1,170	1,150	-30	-10
Manufacturing	1,480	1,500	1,440	-20	40
Wood product manufacturing	750	750	730	0	20
Food manufacturing	240	260	250	-20	-10
Trade, transportation, and utilities	4,180	4,140	4,340	40	-160
Wholesale trade	420	420	460	0	-40
Retail trade	2,900	2,880	3,010	20	-110
Food and beverage retailers	810	810	860	0	-50
General merchandise retailers	730	710	740	20	-10
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	860	840	870	20	-10
Information	140	140	140	0	0
Financial activities	880	880	840	0	40
Professional and business services	2,370	2,400	2,290	-30	80
Private education and health services	3,370	3,380	3,330	-10	40
Leisure and hospitality	3,140	3,170	3,010	-30	130
Other services	660	660	550	0	110
Government	5,970	5,910	5,790	60	180
Federal government	300	310	310	-10	-10
State government	450	460	450	-10	0
Local government	5,220	5,140	5,030	80	190
Indian tribal	890	900	880	-10	10
Local education	1,790	1,720	1,740	70	50
Local government excluding education and tribal	2,540	2,520	2,410	20	130

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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December 24, 2024

Curry County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	November 2024	October 2024	November 2023	October 2024	November 2023
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	8,758	8,948	8,817	-190	-59
Unemployed	410	407	422	3	-12
Unemployment rate	4.7%	4.5%	4.8%	0.2	-0.1
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.2%	5.3%	4.9%	-0.1	0.3
Employed	8,348	8,541	8,395	-193	-47
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,610	6,710	6,670	-100	-60
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	6,660	6,640	6,720	20	-60
Total private	5,260	5,360	5,380	-100	-120
Mining, logging, and construction	480	490	500	-10	-20
Mining and logging	100	100	110	0	-10
Construction	380	390	390	-10	-10
Manufacturing	650	650	640	0	10
Wood product manufacturing	540	540	520	0	20
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,160	1,170	1,290	-10	-130
Retail trade	940	950	1,030	-10	-90
Information	50	50	50	0	0
Financial activities	310	310	360	0	-50
Professional and business services	370	370	350	0	20
Private education and health services	830	820	820	10	10
Health care	580	580	570	0	10
Leisure and hospitality	1,210	1,300	1,170	-90	40
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	40	40	30	0	10
Accommodation and food services	1,170	1,260	1,140	-90	30
Other services	200	200	200	0	0
Government	1,350	1,350	1,290	0	60
Federal government	100	100	90	0	10
State government	140	140	150	0	-10
Local government	1,110	1,110	1,050	0	60
Local education	360	360	370	0	-10
Local government excluding educational services	750	750	680	0	70

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