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## **Employment in South Coast: July 2024** **South Coast Employment Dips in July**

Coos County total payroll employment decreased by 300 jobs in July. Government employment fell by 420, mostly due to seasonally typical declines in local government education. Private-sector gains were estimated in several industries and totaled 120 jobs added over the month. Those adding jobs were leisure and hospitality (+70); construction (+30); manufacturing (+20); and other services (+20). Transportation, warehousing, and utilities lost 30 jobs, and private educational and health services shed 20 jobs in July.

Since July 2023, Coos County has lost 300 payroll jobs, a decline of 1.3%. Employment gains occurred in manufacturing (+80); private education and health services (+70); leisure and hospitality (+30); and other services (+30). The largest job losses occurred in professional and business services, down by 470 jobs. Other industries with job losses included transportation, warehousing, and utilities (-60); wholesale trade (-40); mining and logging (-30); and retail trade (-20). Government employment rose by 130 jobs over the year, with local government (+110) and federal government (+20) accounting for the gain.

Curry County payroll employment slipped by 40 jobs in July. Government employment declined by 90 jobs, mostly due to seasonal reductions in local government education. Leisure and hospitality added 60 jobs, the only published sector gaining notable jobs.

Over the past year, Curry County lost 260 payroll employment jobs. Industries showing job losses since July 2023 included leisure and hospitality (-130) and retail trade (-90). Government employment fell by 10. A loss of 20 jobs in local government was offset by a gain of 10 in federal government.

### **Next Press Releases**

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the August county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, September 24<sup>th</sup>, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for August on Wednesday, September 18<sup>th</sup>.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

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To file an Unemployment Insurance claim, visit our online claims system or call our contact centers, where Employment Department staff are ready to help by phone, at 1-877-FILE-4-UI (1-877-345-3484). For help finding jobs and training resources, go to: [www.WorkSourceOregon.org](http://www.WorkSourceOregon.org).

The Oregon Employment Department (OED) is an equal opportunity agency. Everyone has a right to use OED programs and services. OED provides free help. Some examples are: Sign language and spoken language interpreters, written materials in other languages, braille, large print, audio and other formats. If you need help, please call 971-673-6400. TTY users call 711. You can also ask for help at [OED\\_Communications@employ.oregon.gov](mailto:OED_Communications@employ.oregon.gov).

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Workforce & Economic Research Division

QualityInfo.org

August 20, 2024

**Coos County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment**

	--Change From--				
	July 2024	June 2024	July 2023	June 2024	July 2023
<b>Labor Force Status</b>					
Civilian labor force	26,462	26,437	26,723	25	-261
Unemployed	1,386	1,198	1,228	188	158
Unemployment rate	5.2%	4.5%	4.6%	0.7	0.6
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	4.7%	4.7%	4.4%	0.0	0.3
Employed	25,076	25,239	25,495	-163	-419
<b>Nonfarm Payroll Employment</b>					
Total nonfarm employment	22,670	22,970	22,970	-300	-300
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	22,730	22,710	23,030	20	-300
Total private	17,200	17,080	17,630	120	-430
Mining, logging, and construction	1,490	1,460	1,530	30	-40
Mining and logging	340	340	370	0	-30
Construction	1,150	1,120	1,160	30	-10
Manufacturing	1,520	1,500	1,440	20	80
Wood product manufacturing	740	730	740	10	0
Food manufacturing	310	300	220	10	90
Trade, transportation, and utilities	4,210	4,230	4,330	-20	-120
Wholesale trade	450	450	490	0	-40
Retail trade	2,970	2,960	2,990	10	-20
Food and beverage retailers	850	850	870	0	-20
General merchandise retailers	740	730	720	10	20
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	790	820	850	-30	-60
Information	130	130	140	0	-10
Financial activities	860	850	860	10	0
Professional and business services	1,960	1,950	2,430	10	-470
Private education and health services	3,240	3,260	3,170	-20	70
Leisure and hospitality	3,190	3,120	3,160	70	30
Other services	600	580	570	20	30
Government	5,470	5,890	5,340	-420	130
Federal government	330	320	310	10	20
State government	470	470	470	0	0
Local government	4,670	5,100	4,560	-430	110
Indian tribal	900	900	890	0	10
Local education	1,320	1,770	1,300	-450	20
Local government excluding education and tribal	2,450	2,430	2,370	20	80

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



Workforce &amp; Economic Research Division

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August 20, 2024

### Curry County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	July 2024	June 2024	July 2023	June 2024	July 2023
<b>Labor Force Status</b>					
Civilian labor force	9,051	9,024	9,234	27	-183
Unemployed	504	444	400	60	104
Unemployment rate	5.6%	4.9%	4.3%	0.7	1.3
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.4%	5.3%	4.5%	0.1	0.9
Employed	8,547	8,580	8,834	-33	-287
<b>Nonfarm Payroll Employment</b>					
Total nonfarm employment	6,660	6,700	6,920	-40	-260
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	6,520	6,550	6,770	-30	-250
Total private	5,430	5,380	5,680	50	-250
Mining, logging, and construction	470	470	470	0	0
Mining and logging	110	110	90	0	20
Construction	360	360	380	0	-20
Manufacturing	640	640	640	0	0
Wood product manufacturing	530	520	510	10	20
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,230	1,230	1,400	0	-170
Retail trade	970	970	1,060	0	-90
Information	40	40	50	0	-10
Financial activities	320	320	350	0	-30
Professional and business services	360	360	340	0	20
Private education and health services	850	860	790	-10	60
Health care	610	600	560	10	50
Leisure and hospitality	1,330	1,270	1,460	60	-130
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	40	40	50	0	-10
Accommodation and food services	1,290	1,230	1,410	60	-120
Other services	190	190	180	0	10
Government	1,230	1,320	1,240	-90	-10
Federal government	120	110	110	10	10
State government	160	150	160	10	0
Local government	950	1,060	970	-110	-20
Local education	260	360	260	-100	0
Local government excluding educational services	690	700	710	-10	-20

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