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## **Employment in South Coast: January 2023 Losses in Local Education and Leisure and Hospitality**

Coos County total payroll employment fell 460 jobs in January. Job losses were estimated in leisure and hospitality (-70); professional and business services (-70); construction (-50); retail trade (-40); and transportation, warehousing, and utilities (-40). Government employment fell by 130, due to a decline of 130 jobs in local government education.

Coos County added 390 payroll jobs over the past year. Gains were posted in professional and business services (+120); leisure and hospitality (+70); and transportation, warehousing, and utilities (+40). Industries with estimated job losses over the year were construction (-70), other services (-30), and mining and logging (-20). Government employment climbed by 260 jobs with gains in local government excluding education and tribal (+140) and Indian tribal (+110).

Curry County payroll employment fell by 110 jobs in January. Both leisure and hospitality, and retail trade shed 30 jobs over the month. Government employment added 10 jobs over the month. Other published industries showed little change in January.

Over the past year, Curry County payroll employment fell by 40 jobs. Losses were estimated in leisure and hospitality (-130), manufacturing (-20), and professional and business services (-20). A few industries added jobs since January 2022 including retail trade (+50), other services (+30), and health care (+20).

### **Next Press Releases**

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the February county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, March 28<sup>th</sup>, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for February on Tuesday, March 21<sup>st</sup>.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

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To file an Unemployment Insurance claim, visit our online claims system or call our contact centers, where Employment Department staff are ready to help by phone, at 1-877-FILE-4-UI (1-877-345-3484). For help finding jobs and training resources, go to: [www.WorkSourceOregon.org](http://www.WorkSourceOregon.org).

The Oregon Employment Department (OED) is an equal opportunity agency. Everyone has a right to use OED programs and services. OED provides free help. Some examples are: Sign language and spoken language interpreters, written materials in other languages, braille, large print, audio and other formats. If you need help, please call 971-673-6400. TTY users call 711. You can also ask for help at [OED\\_Communications@employ.oregon.gov](mailto:OED_Communications@employ.oregon.gov).

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Workforce &amp; Economic Research Division

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March 7, 2023

### Coos County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	January 2023	December 2022	January 2022	December 2022	January 2022
<b>Labor Force Status</b>					
Civilian labor force	26,458	26,473	26,533	-15	-75
Unemployed	1,657	1,563	1,439	94	218
Unemployment rate	6.3%	5.9%	5.4%	0.4	0.9
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.9%	5.8%	5.2%	0.1	0.7
Employed	24,801	24,910	25,094	-109	-293
<b>Nonfarm Payroll Employment</b>					
Total nonfarm employment	22,430	22,890	22,040	-460	390
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	22,930	22,840	22,530	90	400
Total private	16,990	17,320	16,860	-330	130
Mining, logging, and construction	1,290	1,350	1,380	-60	-90
Mining and logging	360	370	380	-10	-20
Construction	930	980	1,000	-50	-70
Manufacturing	1,560	1,570	1,550	-10	10
Wood product manufacturing	810	820	780	-10	30
Food manufacturing	290	280	300	10	-10
Trade, transportation, and utilities	4,390	4,470	4,340	-80	50
Wholesale trade	440	440	430	0	10
Retail trade	3,030	3,070	3,030	-40	0
Food and beverage retailers	900	900	900	0	0
General merchandise retailers	770	790	740	-20	30
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	920	960	880	-40	40
Information	140	140	150	0	-10
Financial activities	830	820	840	10	-10
Professional and business services	2,290	2,360	2,170	-70	120
Private education and health services	3,170	3,210	3,150	-40	20
Leisure and hospitality	2,740	2,810	2,670	-70	70
Other services	580	590	610	-10	-30
Government	5,440	5,570	5,180	-130	260
Federal government	310	310	300	0	10
State government	420	420	420	0	0
Local government	4,710	4,840	4,460	-130	250
Indian tribal	810	810	700	0	110
Local education	1,520	1,650	1,520	-130	0
Local government excluding education and tribal	2,380	2,380	2,240	0	140

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence.

Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants.

Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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### Curry County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

			--Change From--		
	January 2023	December 2022	January 2022	December 2022	January 2022
<b>Labor Force Status</b>					
Civilian labor force	8,931	8,871	9,220	60	-289
Unemployed	657	558	564	99	93
Unemployment rate	7.4%	6.3%	6.1%	1.1	1.3
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	<i>6.1%</i>	<i>6.0%</i>	<i>5.8%</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.3</i>
Employed	8,274	8,313	8,656	-39	-382
<b>Nonfarm Payroll Employment</b>					
Total nonfarm employment	6,480	6,590	6,520	-110	-40
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	<i>6,750</i>	<i>6,710</i>	<i>6,790</i>	<i>40</i>	<i>-40</i>
Total private	5,250	5,370	5,340	-120	-90
Mining, logging, and construction	520	530	510	-10	10
Mining and logging	110	110	110	0	0
Construction	410	420	400	-10	10
Manufacturing	640	630	660	10	-20
Wood product manufacturing	510	500	520	10	-10
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,370	1,420	1,320	-50	50
Retail trade	1,090	1,120	1,040	-30	50
Information	40	50	40	-10	0
Financial activities	320	320	330	0	-10
Professional and business services	310	320	330	-10	-20
Private education and health services	810	820	810	-10	0
Health care	560	570	540	-10	20
Leisure and hospitality	1,020	1,050	1,150	-30	-130
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	30	30	30	0	0
Accommodation and food services	990	1,020	1,120	-30	-130
Other services	220	230	190	-10	30
Government	1,230	1,220	1,180	10	50
Federal government	90	90	90	0	0
State government	120	120	110	0	10
Local government	1,020	1,010	980	10	40
Local education	360	350	350	10	10
Local government excluding educational services	660	660	630	0	30

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Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

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