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Employment in South Coast: December 2022 Losses in Local Education and Leisure and Hospitality

Coos County total payroll employment fell by 60 jobs in December. Local government education saw the largest decline, down by 70 over the month. Leisure and hospitality employment fell by 40 jobs and professional and business services lost 20. Industries with estimated job gains included manufacturing, which was up by 50. Both wood and food product manufacturing employment increased by 20 jobs. Private education and health services added 30 jobs over the month.

Coos County payroll employment rose by 60 jobs over the past year. The largest drops were in professional and business services (-60); transportation, warehousing, and utilities (-40); and food manufacturing (-20). Leisure and hospitality (+50) and manufacturing (+30) had job increases over the year. Local government added 110 jobs over the year with gains in Indian tribal (+40), local government excluding education and tribal (+40), and local education (+30).

Curry County payroll employment also fell by 60 jobs in December. Leisure and hospitality shed 60 jobs over the month. Government employment slipped by 10 jobs over the month.

Over the past year, Curry County payroll employment fell by 60 jobs. Losses were estimated in leisure and hospitality (-30), manufacturing (-10), and private education and health services (-10). The South Coast area is still down 1,030 payroll jobs from the total in December 2019.

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the January county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, March 7th, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for January on Tuesday, March 7th.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

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To file an Unemployment Insurance claim, visit our online claims system or call our contact centers, where Employment Department staff are ready to help by phone, at 1-877-FILE-4-UI (1-877-345-3484). For help finding jobs and training resources, go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

The Oregon Employment Department (OED) is an equal opportunity agency. Everyone has a right to use OED programs and services. OED provides free help. Some examples are: Sign language and spoken language interpreters, written materials in other languages, braille, large print, audio and other formats. If you need help, please call 971-673-6400. TTY users call 711. You can also ask for help at OED_Communications@employ.oregon.gov.

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Workforce & Economic Research Division

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January 24, 2023

Coos County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

				Change From	
	December	November	December	November	December
	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	26,146	26,328	26,874	-182	-728
Unemployed	1,585	1,526	1,217	59	368
Unemployment rate	6.1%	5.8%	4.5%	0.3	1.6
Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)	5.8%	5.6%	5.4%	0.2	0.4
Employed	24,561	24,802	25,657	-241	-1,096
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	22,510	22,570	22,450	-60	60
Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)	22,390	22,370	22,340	20	50
Total private	17,150	17,140	17,190	10	-40
Mining, logging, and construction	1,370	1,380	1,360	-10	10
Mining and logging	360	360	360	0	0
Construction	1,010	1,020	1,000	-10	10
Manufacturing	1,600	1,550	1,570	50	30
Wood product manufacturing	820	800	780	20	40
Food manufacturing	300	280	320	20	-20
Trade, transportation, and utilities	4,390	4,380	4,440	10	-50
Wholesale trade	440	440	430	0	10
Retail trade	3,070	3,070	3,090	0	-20
Food and beverage stores	920	920	910	0	10
General merchandise stores	760	760	760	0	0
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	880	870	920	10	-40
Information	140	140	130	0	10
Financial activities	810	820	830	-10	-20
Professional and business services	2,250	2,270	2,310	-20	-60
Education and health services	3,270	3,240	3,280	30	-10
Leisure and hospitality	2,750	2,790	2,700	-40	50
Other services	570	570	570	0	0
Government	5,360	5,430	5,260	-70	100
Federal government	300	300	300	0	0
State government	420	430	430	-10	-10
Local government	4,640	4,700	4,530	-60	110
Indian tribal	730	740	690	-10	40
Local education	1,630	1,700	1,600	-70	30
Local government excluding education and tribal	2,280	2,260	2,240	20	40

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



Workforce & Economic Research Division

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January 24, 2023

Curry County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

Change From

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	December	November	December	November	December
	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	8,771	8,856	8,888	-85	-117
Unemployed	565	542	458	23	107
Unemployment rate	6.4%	6.1%	5.2%	0.3	1.2
Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)	6.0%	5.7%	5.9%	0.3	0.1
Employed	8,206	8,314	8,430	-108	-224
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,500	6,560	6,560	-60	-60
Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)	6,600	6,580	6,660	20	-60
Total private	5,270	5,320	5,360	-50	-90
Mining, logging, and construction	520	530	520	-10	0
Mining and logging	110	110	110	0	0
Construction	410	420	410	-10	0
Manufacturing	630	630	640	0	-10
Wood product manufacturing	500	500	500	0	0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,360	1,350	1,380	10	-20
Retail trade	1,080	1,070	1,080	10	0
Information	50	50	50	0	0
Financial activities	300	300	300	0	0
Professional and business services	300	300	310	0	-10
Education and health services	790	780	800	10	-10
Health care	530	530	520	0	10
Leisure and hospitality	1,110	1,170	1,140	-60	-30
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	30	30	30	0	0
Accommodation and food services	1,080	1,140	1,110	-60	-30
Other services	210	210	220	0	-10
Government	1,230	1,240	1,200	-10	30
Federal government	90	90	90	0	0
State government	120	120	110	0	10
Local government	1,020	1,030	1,000	-10	20
Local education	350	350	350	0	0
Local government excluding educational services	670	680	650	-10	20

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