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Employment in South Coast: November 2022 Small Gains Offset Losses in Leisure and Hospitality

Coos County total payroll employment rose by 20 jobs in November. Leisure and hospitality had the largest drop, down by 70 jobs. Losses were also estimated in construction (-40) and food manufacturing (-20). Retail trade, professional and business services, and private education and health services all gained 20 jobs over the month. Government employment gained 90 jobs in November. Local government education (+60) had the largest gain with slight increases federal and Indian tribal local government.

Coos County total payroll employment fell by 40 jobs over the past year. The largest drops were in financial activities (-60), general merchandise stores (-30), mining and logging (-20), and food manufacturing (-20). Leisure and hospitality (+30), wholesale trade (+20), and manufacturing (+20) had job increases over the year.

Curry County payroll employment fell by 110 jobs in November. Leisure and hospitality shed 110 jobs over the month. Smaller losses were also estimated in mining, logging, and construction (-20). Government employment climbed by 20 jobs over the month.

Over the past year, Curry County payroll employment fell by 110 jobs. Losses were estimated in leisure and hospitality (-40), manufacturing (-20), and private education and health services (-20). The South Coast area is still down 930 payroll jobs from the total in November 2019.

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the December county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, Jan. $24^{\rm th}$, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for December on Thursday, Jan. $19^{\rm th}$.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

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To file an Unemployment Insurance claim, visit our online claims system or call our contact centers, where Employment Department staff are ready to help by phone, at 1-877-FILE-4-UI (1-877-345-3484). For help finding jobs and training resources, go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

The Oregon Employment Department (OED) is an equal opportunity agency. Everyone has a right to use OED programs and services. OED provides free help. Some examples are: Sign language and spoken language interpreters, written materials in other languages, braille, large print, audio and other formats. If you need help, please call 971-673-6400. TTY users call 711. You can also ask for help at OED_Communications@employ.oregon.gov.

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Workforce & Economic Research Division

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December 20, 2022

Coos County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

				Change From	
	November 2022	October 2022	November 2021	October 2022	November 2021
Labor Force Status	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
	22.222	00.505	07.000	445	0.40
Civilian labor force	26,360	26,505	27,009	-145	-649
Unemployed	1,543 5.9%	1,407 5.3%	1,248	136	295
Unemployment rate	5.9% 5.6%	5.3% 5.3%	4.6% 5.3%	0.6 0.3	1.3 0.3
Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)					
Employed	24,817	25,098	25,761	-281	-944
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	22,580	22,560	22,620	20	-40
Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)	22,380	22,350	22,420	30	-40
Total private	17,150	17,220	17,250	-70	-100
Mining, logging, and construction	1,370	1,420	1,390	-50	-20
Mining and logging	360	370	380	-10	-20
Construction	1,010	1,050	1,010	-40	0
Manufacturing	1,550	1,570	1,530	-20	20
Wood product manufacturing	800	800	770	0	30
Food manufacturing	280	300	300	-20	-20
Trade, transportation, and utilities	4,390	4,360	4,430	30	-40
Wholesale trade	440	440	420	0	20
Retail trade	3,080	3,060	3,090	20	-10
Food and beverage stores	920	920	910	0	10
General merchandise stores	750	740	780	10	-30
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	870	860	920	10	-50
Information	140	140	140	0	0
Financial activities	820	820	880	0	-60
Professional and business services	2,280	2,260	2,290	20	-10
Education and health services	3,240	3,220	3,250	20	-10
Leisure and hospitality	2,790	2,860	2,760	-70	30
Other services	570	570	580	0	-10
Government	5,430	5,340	5,370	90	60
Federal government	300	290	300	10	0
State government	430	430	440	0	-10
Local government	4,700	4,620	4,630	80	70
Indian tribal	740	730	710	10	30
Local education	1,700	1,640	1,650	60	50

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

2,260

2,250

2,270

10

-10

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Local government excluding education and tribal

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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December 20, 2022

Curry County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

				Change From	
	November	October	November	October	November
Labor Force Status	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021
Civilian labor force	8,882	9,158	8,987	-276	-105
Unemployed	544	491	476	53	68
Unemployment rate	6.1%	5.4%	5.3%	0.7	0.8
Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)	5.7%	5.5%	5.9%	0.2	-0.2
Employed	8,338	8,667	8,511	-329	-173
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,590	6,700	6,700	-110	-110
Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)	6,610	6,580	6,720	30	-110
Total private	5,330	5,460	5,480	-130	-150
Mining, logging, and construction	530	550	550	-20	-20
Mining and logging	110	110	120	0	-10
Construction	420	440	430	-20	-10
Manufacturing	630	630	650	0	-20
Wood product manufacturing	500	500	510	0	-10
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,350	1,350	1,370	0	-20
Retail trade	1,070	1,070	1,090	0	-20
Information	50	50	50	0	0
Financial activities	300	300	310	0	-10
Professional and business services	300	300	310	0	-10
Education and health services	780	780	800	0	-20
Health care	530	520	520	10	10
Leisure and hospitality	1,180	1,290	1,220	-110	-40
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	30	40	40	-10	-10
Accommodation and food services	1,150	1,250	1,180	-100	-30
Other services	210	210	220	0	-10
Government	1,260	1,240	1,220	20	40
Federal government	100	100	100	0	0
State government	120	120	110	0	10
Local government	1,040	1,020	1,010	20	30
Local education	360	350	370	10	-10
Local government excluding educational services	680	670	640	10	40

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