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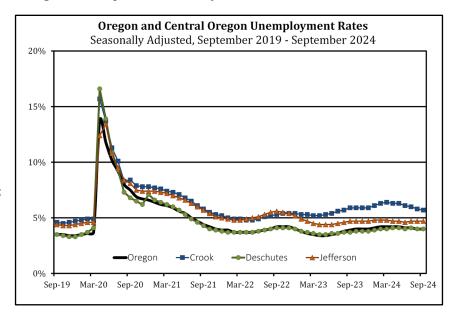
Employment in Central Oregon: September 2024

Central Oregon seasonally adjusted unemployment rates remain steady in September with little to no change.

Crook County: The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate decreased over the month of September and is now 5.7%, down from 5.8% in August—in September of last year, it was 5.9%. The

unemployment rate remains 1.2 percentage points above the record low set before the pandemic when it was 4.5%.

Crook County lost 10 jobs (-0.1%) in September, with most losses occurring in professional and business services (-20 jobs); leisure and hospitality (-20 jobs); and retail trade (-20 jobs). Gains were minimal and concentrated in private education and health services (+40 jobs).



The county gained 250 jobs in

the last year (+3.3%). Notable job gains were seen in construction (+130 jobs), government (+50 jobs), and information (+40 jobs). Job losses were concentrated in transportation, warehousing, and utilities (-20 jobs) and leisure and hospitality (-20 jobs).

Deschutes County (Bend-Redmond MSA): The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate remained unchanged from August to September at 4.0%. September's unemployment rate remains 0.6 percentage point above its record low of 3.4% before the onset of the pandemic.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates that Deschutes County gained 880 jobs (+0.9%) from August to September and total nonfarm employment is now 96,470. Job losses were concentrated in leisure and hospitality (-490 jobs); mining, logging, and construction (-160 jobs); and professional and

business services (-100 jobs). Gains were seen primarily within public sector local education (+1,590 jobs).

Total nonfarm employment declined by 0.2% (-160 jobs) from September 2023 to September 2024. Over-the-year job losses were concentrated in leisure and hospitality (-1,370 jobs); retail trade (-440 jobs); and mining, logging, and construction (-380 jobs). Most over-the-year gains occurred in private education and health services (+1,210 jobs), with smaller gains in the public sector (+890 jobs).

<u>Jefferson County:</u> The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate remained unchanged over the month of September, standing at 4.7%. Last year the unemployment rate was also 4.7% in September and it was 4.4% from October 2019 to December 2019, shortly before the first impacts from COVID-19.

Total nonfarm employment gained 140 jobs in September (+2.1%) with the majority of gains occurring in local government (+210 jobs). Over-the-month job losses were seen primarily within leisure and hospitality (-40 jobs). Total nonfarm seasonally adjusted employment is now -1.0% (-70 jobs) below the pre-pandemic employment level.

Jefferson County's total nonfarm employment increased by 50 jobs over the past year (+0.7%). Job gains were concentrated in private education and health services (+50 jobs). Losses were concentrated in manufacturing (-20 jobs), with minor losses in construction (-10 jobs) and leisure and hospitality (-10 jobs). The public sector gained 10 jobs over the year.

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the October county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, Nov. 19, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for October on Thursday, Nov. 14.



Workforce & Economic Research Division
QualityInfo.org
October 22, 2024

Crook County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

| | | | | Change From | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | September 2024 | August 2024 | September 2023 | August 2024 | September 2023 |
| Labor Force Status | | | | | |
| Civilian labor force | 11,589 | 11,735 | 11,223 | -146 | 366 |
| Unemployed | 556 | 597 | 581 | -41 | -25 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.8% | 5.1% | 5.2% | -0.3 | -0.4 |
| Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted) | 5.7% | 5.8% | 5.9% | -0.1 | -0.2 |
| Employed | 11,033 | 11,138 | 10,642 | -105 | 391 |
| Nonfarm Payroll Employment | | | | | |
| Total nonfarm employment | 7,730 | 7,740 | 7,480 | -10 | 250 |
| Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted) | 7,580 | 7,590 | 7,340 | -10 | 240 |
| Total private | 6,350 | 6,370 | 6,150 | -20 | 200 |
| Mining, logging, and construction | 980 | 980 | 850 | 0 | 130 |
| Mining and logging | 60 | 60 | 60 | 0 | 0 |
| Construction | 920 | 920 | 790 | 0 | 130 |
| Manufacturing | 730 | 730 | 730 | 0 | 0 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 380 | 370 | 380 | 10 | 0 |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities | 1,260 | 1,270 | 1,270 | -10 | -10 |
| Wholesale trade | 340 | 340 | 340 | 0 | 0 |
| Retail trade | 670 | 690 | 660 | -20 | 10 |
| Transportation, warehousing, and utilities | 250 | 240 | 270 | 10 | -20 |
| Information | 550 | 550 | 510 | 0 | 40 |
| Financial activities | 230 | 230 | 220 | 0 | 10 |
| Professional and business services | 610 | 630 | 580 | -20 | 30 |
| Private education and health services | 890 | 850 | 860 | 40 | 30 |
| Leisure and hospitality | 840 | 860 | 860 | -20 | -20 |
| Other services | 260 | 270 | 270 | -10 | -10 |
| Government | 1,380 | 1,370 | 1,330 | 10 | 50 |
| Federal government | 380 | 380 | 330 | 0 | 50 |
| State government | 150 | 150 | 130 | 0 | 20 |
| Local government | 850 | 840 | 870 | 10 | -20 |

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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Bend-Redmond MSA (Deschutes County) Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

| | | | | Change From | | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | September 2024 | August 2024 | September 2023 | August 2024 | September 2023 | |
| Labor Force Status | | | | | | |
| Civilian labor force | 107,148 | 107,685 | 106,001 | -537 | 1,147 | |
| Unemployed | 3,953 | 4,125 | 3,590 | -172 | 363 | |
| Unemployment rate | 3.7% | 3.8% | 3.4% | -0.1 | 0.3 | |
| Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted) | 4.0% | 4.0% | 3.7% | 0.0 | 0.3 | |
| Employed | 103,195 | 103,560 | 102,411 | -365 | 784 | |
| Nonfarm Payroll Employment | | | | | | |
| Total nonfarm employment | 96,470 | 95,590 | 96,630 | 880 | -160 | |
| Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted) | 96, 180 | 95,940 | 95,970 | 240 | 210 | |
| Total private | 85,100 | 85,870 | 86,150 | -770 | -1,050 | |
| Mining, logging, and construction | 7,950 | 8,110 | 8,330 | -160 | -380 | |
| Manufacturing | 6,270 | 6,290 | 6,310 | -20 | -40 | |
| Durable goods | 3,990 | 4,000 | 3,900 | -10 | 90 | |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities | 16,630 | 16,670 | 17,050 | -40 | -420 | |
| Wholesale trade | 2,490 | 2,500 | 2,510 | -10 | -20 | |
| Retail trade | 11,590 | 11,620 | 12,030 | -30 | -440 | |
| Transportation, warehousing, and utilities | 2,550 | 2,550 | 2,510 | 0 | 40 | |
| Information | 1,810 | 1,810 | 1,800 | 0 | 10 | |
| Financial activities | 5,290 | 5,300 | 5,270 | -10 | 20 | |
| Professional and business services | 11,700 | 11,800 | 11,760 | -100 | -60 | |
| Private education and health services | 17,500 | 17,460 | 16,290 | 40 | 1,210 | |
| Leisure and hospitality | 14,440 | 14,930 | 15,810 | -490 | -1,370 | |
| Accommodation and food services | 12,080 | 12,480 | 12,900 | -400 | -820 | |
| Other services | 3,510 | 3,500 | 3,530 | 10 | -20 | |
| Government | 11,370 | 9,720 | 10,480 | 1,650 | 890 | |
| Federal government | 1,120 | 1,140 | 1,050 | -20 | 70 | |
| State government | 1,150 | 1,140 | 1,110 | 10 | 40 | |
| Local government | 9,100 | 7,440 | 8,320 | 1,660 | 780 | |
| Local education | 5,260 | 3,670 | 4,730 | 1,590 | 530 | |

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Official Oregon Series. Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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Jefferson County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

| | | | | Change From | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | September 2024 | August 2024 | September 2023 | August 2024 | September 2023 |
| Labor Force Status | | | | | |
| Civilian labor force | 10,435 | 10,401 | 10,315 | 34 | 120 |
| Unemployed | 427 | 481 | 430 | -54 | -3 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.1% | 4.6% | 4.2% | -0.5 | -0.1 |
| Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted) | 4.7% | 4.7% | 4.7% | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Employed | 10,008 | 9,920 | 9,885 | 88 | 123 |
| Nonfarm Payroll Employment | | | | | |
| Total nonfarm employment | 6,730 | 6,590 | 6,680 | 140 | 50 |
| Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted) | 6,640 | 6,620 | 6,590 | 20 | 50 |
| Total private | 4,500 | 4,560 | 4,460 | -60 | 40 |
| Mining, logging, and construction | 150 | 160 | 160 | -10 | -10 |
| Mining and logging | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Construction | 140 | 150 | 150 | -10 | -10 |
| Manufacturing | 1,190 | 1,160 | 1,210 | 30 | -20 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 890 | 860 | 900 | 30 | -10 |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities | 960 | 980 | 950 | -20 | 10 |
| Wholesale trade | 180 | 180 | 180 | 0 | 0 |
| Retail trade | 670 | 690 | 660 | -20 | 10 |
| Transportation, warehousing, and utilities | 110 | 110 | 110 | 0 | 0 |
| Information | 50 | 50 | 40 | 0 | 10 |
| Financial activities | 150 | 150 | 150 | 0 | 0 |
| Professional and business services | 250 | 260 | 250 | -10 | 0 |
| Private education and health services | 780 | 780 | 730 | 0 | 50 |
| Leisure and hospitality | 740 | 780 | 750 | -40 | -10 |
| Other services | 230 | 240 | 220 | -10 | 10 |
| Government | 2,230 | 2,030 | 2,220 | 200 | 10 |
| Federal government | 100 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| State government | 360 | 370 | 350 | -10 | 10 |
| Local government | 1,770 | 1,560 | 1,770 | 210 | 0 |
| Indian tribal | 770 | 770 | 790 | 0 | -20 |

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

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To file an Unemployment Insurance claim, visit our online claims system or call our contact centers, where Employment Department staff are ready to help by phone, at 1-877-FILE-4-UI (1-877-345-3484). For help finding jobs and training resources, go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org

The Oregon Employment Department (OED) is an equal opportunity agency. Everyone has a right to use OED programs and services. OED provides free help. Some examples are: Sign language and spoken language interpreters, written materials in other languages, braille, large print, audio and other formats. If you need help, please call 971-673-6400. TTY users call 711. You can also ask for help at OED Communications@employ.oregon.gov.

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