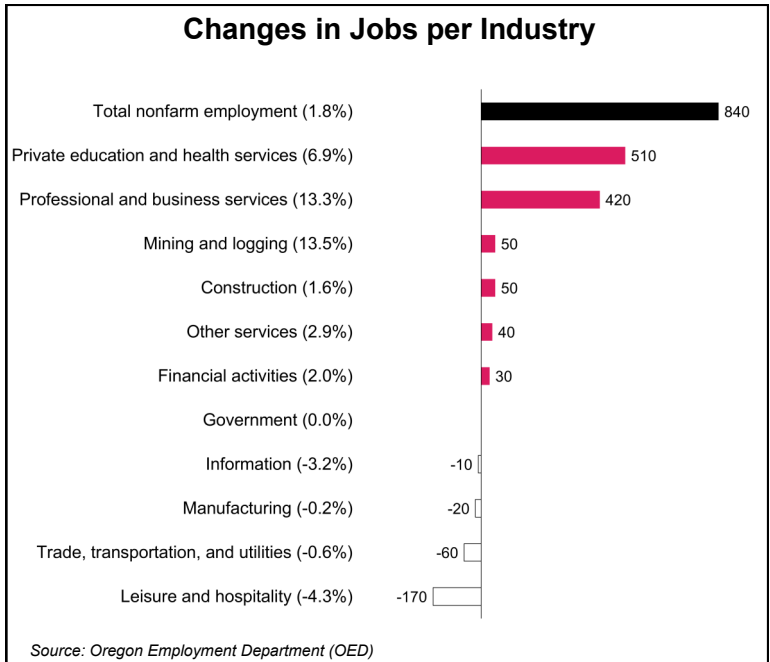
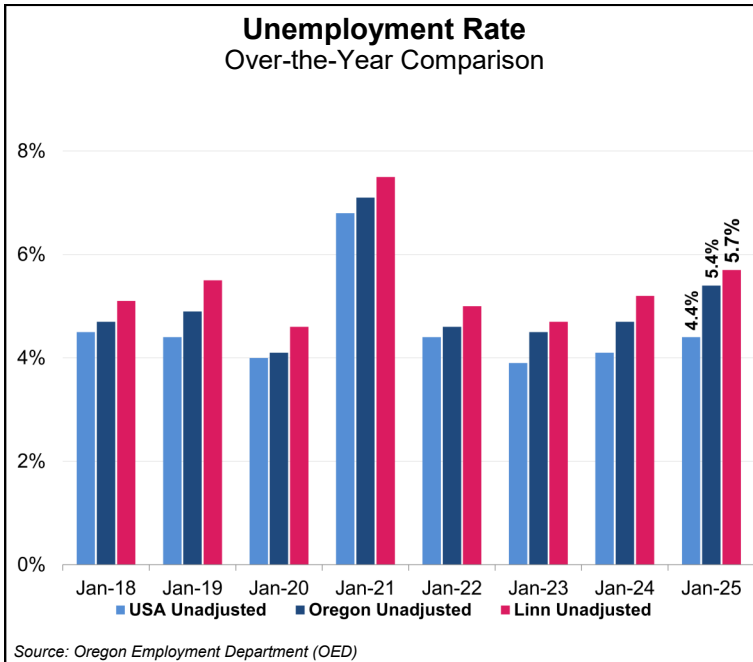


Linn County's **unadjusted unemployment rate** was 5.7% in January, up from its revised rate of 4.6% in December. Oregon's statewide **unadjusted unemployment rate** in January was 5.4%, up from its revised December rate of 4.3%. Employment grew by 840 jobs (+1.8%) over the year to January.

The largest employment gains were in private education and health services (510 jobs, +6.9%), followed by professional and business services (420 jobs, +13.3%). Several sectors experienced losses, with the largest declines in leisure and hospitality (170 fewer jobs, -4.3%) and trade, transportation, and utilities (60 fewer jobs, -0.6%). Employment is now 2.6%, or 1,210 jobs, above the pre-pandemic employment level in February 2020.

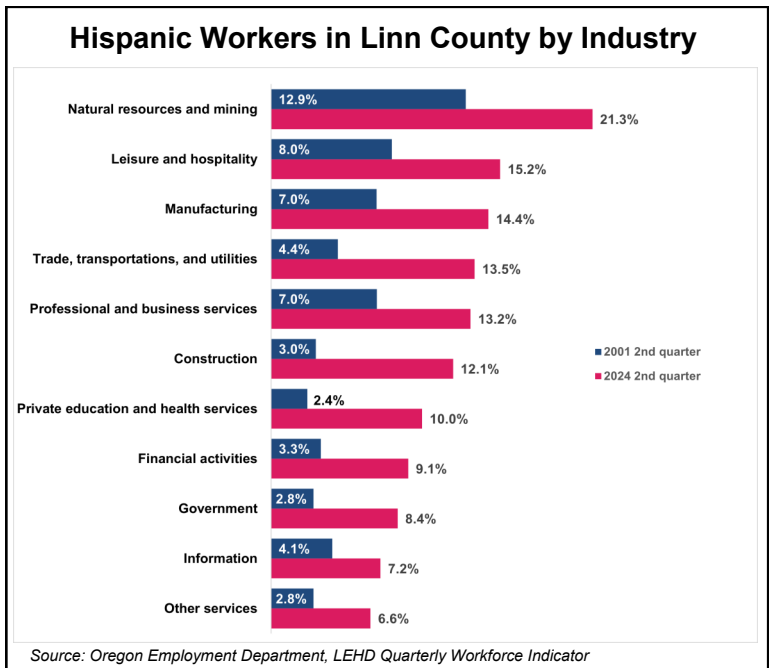
LINN COUNTY HISPANIC WORKERS—Hispanic workers have shown growth across various industries over time. In the second quarter of 2001, natural resources and mining had the highest percentage of Hispanic workers at 12.9%, a trend that continued in 2024 with Hispanic workers making up 21.3% of the industry. On the other hand, private education and health services sector had the lowest percentage of Hispanic workers at 2.4% in 2001, but by 2024, this increased to 10%. In the second quarter of 2024, Hispanic workers represented at least 6% of the workforce in every industry, with information (7.2%) and other services (6.6%) having the smallest shares. This data reflects the significant growth of Hispanic workers in the labor force.



Population Change in Linn County by City (2023-2024)

Incorporated City/Town	2024	2023	Population Change
Albany (0.7%)	57,777	57,390	387
Lebanon (0.9%)	19,936	19,763	173
Millersburg (1.9%)	3,214	3,153	61
Sweet Home (0.4%)	10,088	10,052	36
Lyons (1.0%)	1,230	1,218	12
Gates (1.4%)	573	565	8
Brownsville (0.4%)	1,830	1,823	7
Halsey (0.6%)	974	968	6
Harrisburg (0.1%)	3,670	3,665	5
Scio (0.3%)	962	959	3
Tangent (0.2%)	1,234	1,231	3
Idanha (0.0%)	156	156	0
Sodaville (0.0%)	360	360	0
Waterloo (0.0%)	219	219	0
Mill City (-0.2%)	2,063	2,068	-5

Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED), Portland State University Population Research Center



For more information and/or to be added to the monthly e-mail distribution list, contact:
 Madeline Judokusumo, Workforce Analyst, Oregon Employment Dept.
Madeline.Judokusumo@employ.oregon.gov | Tel.: (541) 223-4954

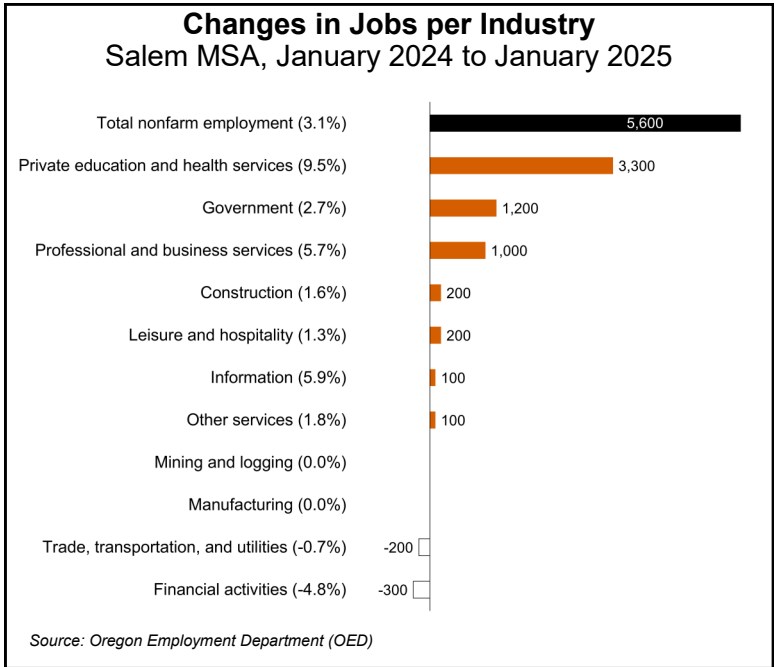
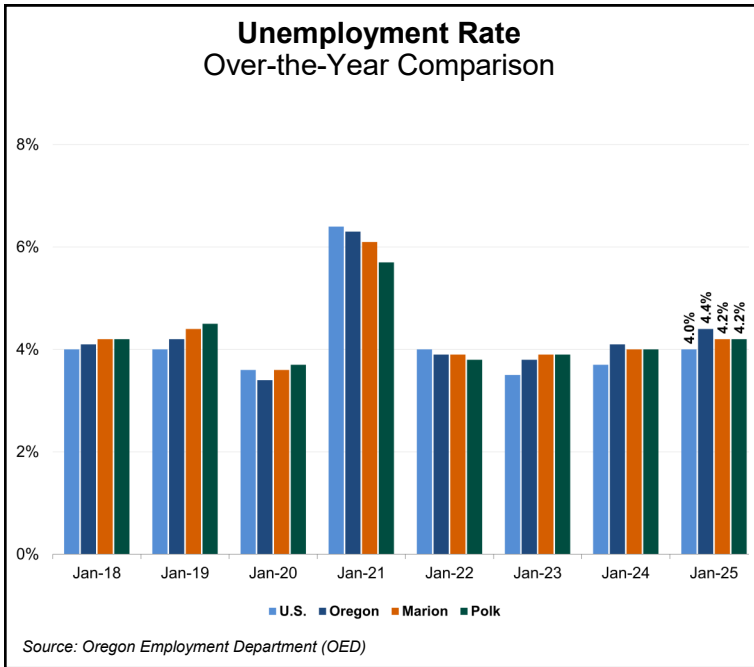
Join the conversation and stay informed.
QualityInfo.org/mid-valley

Contact us for online presentations and speaking engagements.

The Salem MSA's **unadjusted unemployment rate** was 5.1% in January, up from its revised rate of 4.2% in December. Oregon's statewide **unadjusted unemployment rate** in January was 5.4%, up from its revised December rate of 4.3%. Employment gains were (5,600 jobs, +3.1%) over the year to January.

Job gains were concentrated in private education and health services (3,300 jobs, +9.5%), government (1,200 jobs, +2.7%), and professional and business services (1,000 jobs, +5.7%). The sector with the largest decline is financial activities (300 fewer jobs, -0.7%) and trade, transportation, and utilities (200 fewer jobs, -0.7%). Employment is up 7.6% or 13,300 jobs above the pre-pandemic employment level in February 2020.

SALEM MSA HISPANIC WORKERS— Hispanic workers have shown growth across various industries over time. In the second quarter of 2001, natural resources and mining had the highest percentage of Hispanic workers at 35.3%, a trend that continued through the second quarter of 2024. Manufacturing originally ranked second at 18.4% and grew to 31.6% in the second quarter of 2024. On the other hand, the government industry sector had the lowest percentage of Hispanic workers at 5.2% in 2001, but by 2024, this increased to 12.7%. By the second quarter of 2024, each industry had at least 11% Hispanic workers, reflecting the significant growth of Hispanic workers in the labor force.



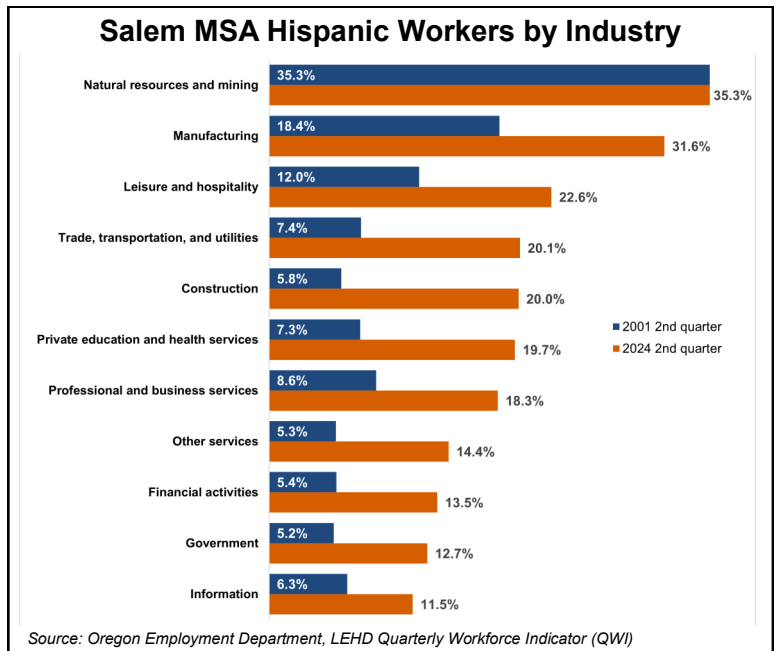
Population Change in Marion and Polk Counties by City

Incorporated City/Town	Population Change		
	2024	2023	Change
Woodburn (4.4%)	29,455	28,219	1,236
Salem (0.1%)	177,567	177,361	206
Dallas (0.8%)	17,924	17,779	145
Jefferson (3.3%)	3,515	3,402	113
Donald (10.6%)	1,123	1,015	108
Keizer (0.2%)	39,249	39,180	69
Monmouth (0.5%)	11,516	11,456	60
Mt. Angel (1.5%)	3,594	3,542	52
Independence (0.4%)	10,056	10,014	42
Silverton (0.2%)	10,882	10,861	21
Falls City (1.6%)	1,138	1,120	18
Sublimity (0.4%)	3,094	3,083	11
Detroit (6.1%)	174	164	10
Scotts Mills (2.0%)	456	447	9
Gates (1.4%)	573	565	8
Stayton (0.05%)	8,176	8,172	4
Hubbard (0.1%)	3,385	3,382	3
Aurora (-0.3%)	1,131	1,134	-3
Willamina (-0.2%)	2,237	2,241	-4
Mill City (-0.2%)	2,063	2,068	-5
Gervais (-1.7%)	2,724	2,770	-46
Aumsville (-1.6%)	4,028	4,095	-67

Cities with the same population count between 2023-2024:

Turner	2,864
Idanha	156
St. Paul	440

Source: Oregon Employment Department, Portland State University Population Research Center



For more information and/or to be added to the monthly e-mail distribution list, contact:

Madeline Judokusumo, Workforce Analyst, Oregon Employment Dept.
Madeline.Judokusumo@employ.oregon.gov | Tel.: (541) 223-4954

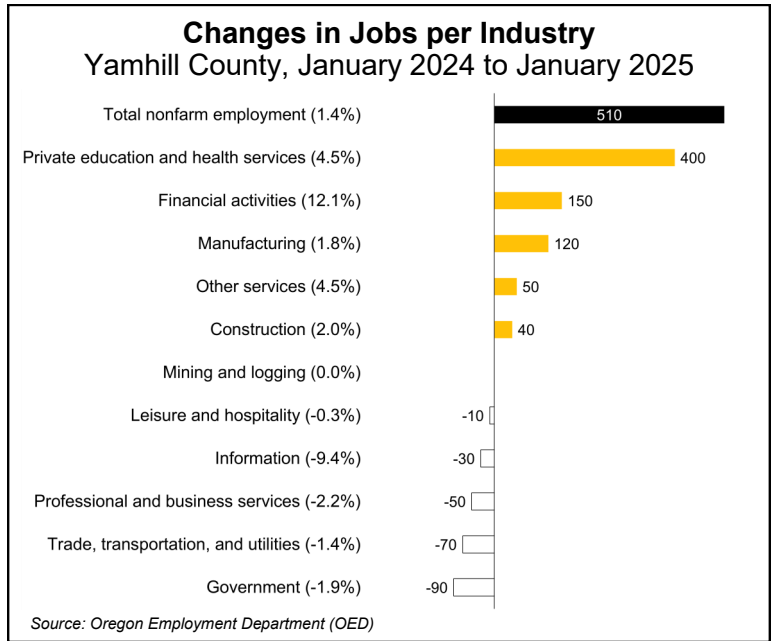
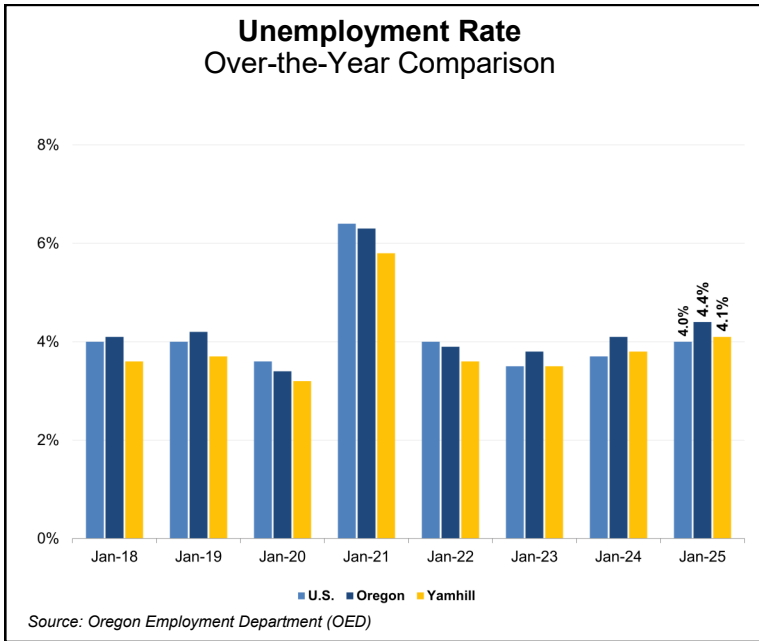
Join the conversation and stay informed.
Qualityinfo.org/mid-valley

Contact us for online presentations and speaking engagements.

Yamhill County's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.1% in January, edging up from its revised rate of 3.9% in December. Oregon's statewide unemployment rate in January was 4.4%, up from its revised December rate of 4.3%. From the previous year, total nonfarm employment grew by 510 jobs (+1.4%).

Industries adding the most jobs over the previous year were private education and health services (+4.5%, 400 jobs), financial activities (+12.1%, 150 jobs), and manufacturing (+1.8%, 120 jobs). Job losses were concentrated in government (-1.9%, 90 fewer jobs) and trade, transportation, and utilities (-1.4%, 70 fewer jobs). Employment is 1,600 jobs (+4.5%) above the pre-pandemic level in February 2020.

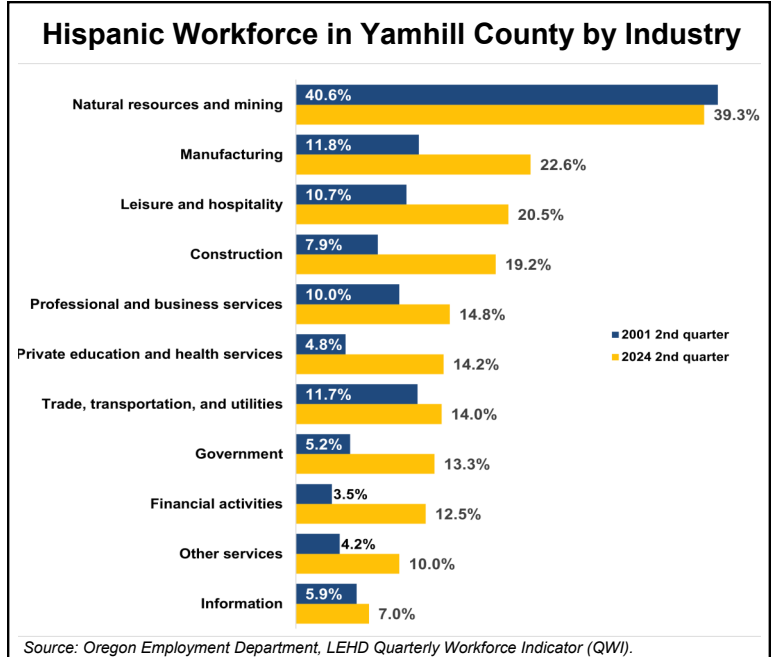
YAMHILL COUNTY HISPANIC WORKERS— Hispanic workers have shown growth across various industries over time. In the second quarter of 2001, natural resources and mining had the highest percentage of Hispanic workers at 40.6%, a trend that slightly decreased to 39.3% in the second quarter of 2024. Manufacturing originally ranked second at 11.8% and grew to 22.6% (still ranked second) in 2024. On the other hand, the financial activities industry had the lowest percentage of Hispanic workers at 3.5% in 2001, but by 2024, this increased to 12.5%. By the second quarter of 2024, Hispanic workers represented at least 7% of the workforce in every sector, highlighting their significant growth in the labor force.



Population Change in Yamhill County by City (2023-2024)

Incorporated City/Town	2024	2023	Change
Newberg (2.0%)	26,249	25,731	518
Sheridan (4.3%)	6,277	6,018	259
McMinnville (0.1%)	34,774	34,734	40
Lafayette (0.5%)	4,563	4,539	24
Carlton (1.0%)	2,414	2,391	23
Yamhill (0.8%)	1,222	1,212	10
Dundee (0.1%)	3,249	3,245	4
Amity (0.1%)	1,835	1,833	2
Willamina (-0.2%)	2,237	2,241	-4
Dayton (-1.1%)	2,665	2,695	-30

Source: Oregon Employment Department (OED), Portland State University Population Research Center



For more information and/or to be added to the monthly e-mail distribution list, contact:

Madeline Judokusumo, Workforce Analyst, Oregon Employment Dept.
Madeline.Judokusumo@employ.oregon.gov | Tel.: (541) 223-4954

Join the conversation and stay informed.
Qualityinfo.org/mid-valley

Contact us for online presentations and speaking engagements.