

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: April 19, 2022

CONTACT INFORMATION:
Erik Knoder, Regional Economist
Erik.A.Knoder@oregon.gov
(541) 351-5595

Employment in Tillamook County: March 2022

Seasonally adjusted employment rose by 30 in March

Seasonally adjusted nonfarm payroll employment increased by 30 in March to 9,190 jobs. Seasonally adjusted figures compare expected changes with actual changes. Employment was expected to decrease by 20 jobs, but the county added 10 jobs. The private sector added 30 jobs, and total government employment dipped by 20. Leisure and hospitality employment increased by 40 jobs. Other industries had smaller changes.

March's total nonfarm employment numbers show a gain of 30 jobs compared with one year before, an increase of 0.3%. The county lost 1,520 jobs in April 2020 as the pandemic hit, and it remains 410 jobs below its pre-pandemic employment of March 2019. Some major industries gained jobs over the past year. Food manufacturing grew by 70 jobs. Retail trade added 60 jobs. Other services was up by 40 jobs. Local government regained 140 jobs over the year. On the other hand, private education and health services cut 70 jobs over the year, and leisure and hospitality was down by 50 jobs.

Tillamook County's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 3.8% in March, essentially unchanged from 3.9% in February. It was 6.5% the year before. The statewide unemployment rate was 3.8% in March, and the national rate was 3.6%.

Next News Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the April county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, May 24, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for April on Wednesday, May 18.

Tillamook County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	March 2022	February 2022	March 2021	February 2022	March 2021
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	12,181	12,112	12,225	69	-44
Unemployed	534	496	848	38	-314
Unemployment rate	4.4%	4.1%	6.9%	0.3	-2.5
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	3.8%	3.9%	6.5%	-0.1	-2.7
Employed	11,647	11,616	11,377	31	270
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	8,960	8,950	8,930	10	30
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	9,190	9,160	9,160	30	30
Total private	6,940	6,910	7,030	30	-90
Mining, logging, and construction	550	560	640	-10	-90
Mining and logging	120	120	190	0	-70
Construction	430	440	450	-10	-20
Manufacturing	1,470	1,450	1,400	20	70
Durable goods	370	370	370	0	0
Wood product manufacturing	310	310	300	0	10
Nondurable goods	1,100	1,080	1,030	20	70
Food manufacturing	1,010	1,000	940	10	70
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,480	1,480	1,470	0	10
Retail trade	1,160	1,160	1,100	0	60
Information	50	50	40	0	10
Financial activities	240	250	250	-10	-10
Professional and business services	400	400	400	0	0
Education and health services	1,170	1,180	1,240	-10	-70
Leisure and hospitality	1,230	1,190	1,280	40	-50
Accommodation and food services	1,170	1,140	1,250	30	-80
Accommodation	400	390	480	10	-80
Food services and drinking places	770	750	770	20	0
Other services	350	350	310	0	40
Government	2,020	2,040	1,900	-20	120
Federal government	100	110	120	-10	-20
State government	310	310	310	0	0
Local government	1,610	1,620	1,470	-10	140
Local education	790	790	690	0	100
Local government excluding educational services	820	830	780	-10	40

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence.

Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants.

Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.

Oregon Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates by Area (1)

	<u>March 2022</u>	<u>February 2022</u>	<u>March 2021</u>
United States	3.6	3.8	6.0
State of Oregon	3.8	4.0	6.1
<u>Metropolitan Statistical Areas:</u>			
Albany (Linn County)	4.3	4.4	6.9
Bend-Redmond (Deschutes County)	3.6	3.8	6.4
Corvallis (Benton County)	2.9	3.0	4.7
Eugene (Lane County)	4.1	4.3	6.8
Grants Pass (Josephine County)	4.8	5.0	6.7
Medford (Jackson County)	4.2	4.4	6.5
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro (2)	3.8	3.9	6.5
Salem (Marion and Polk counties)	3.8	4.0	5.8
<u>Counties (1):</u>			
Baker	3.9	4.1	6.2
Benton	2.9	3.0	4.7
Clackamas	3.5	3.6	6.0
Clatsop	4.0	4.2	7.2
Columbia	4.4	4.5	6.9
Coos	4.8	5.0	7.5
Crook	4.9	5.2	7.4
Curry	5.1	5.3	7.6
Deschutes	3.6	3.8	6.4
Douglas	4.6	4.7	6.8
Gilliam	3.3	3.5	6.0
Grant	5.0	5.4	7.8
Harney	4.0	4.3	5.5
Hood River	3.0	3.2	5.1
Jackson	4.2	4.4	6.5
Jefferson	4.6	4.8	7.2
Josephine	4.8	5.0	6.7
Klamath	5.3	5.5	7.4
Lake	4.6	4.7	6.0
Lane	4.1	4.3	6.8
Lincoln	5.0	5.2	8.1
Linn	4.3	4.4	6.9
Malheur	3.4	3.5	4.9
Marion	3.7	3.9	5.9
Morrow	3.4	3.5	5.0
Multnomah	4.0	4.1	6.8
Polk	3.7	3.8	5.8
Sherman	3.2	3.4	4.8
Tillamook	3.8	3.9	6.5
Umatilla	3.9	4.0	6.1
Union	3.8	4.0	6.5
Wallowa	4.4	4.7	5.6
Wasco	3.9	4.1	6.0
Washington	3.1	3.3	5.2
Wheeler	3.0	3.0	4.3
Yamhill	3.4	3.5	5.7

(1) Seasonally adjusted rates for the United States and Oregon are official Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) series. Source of Metro data is BLS and LAUS. Source of county data is OED.

(2) Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro MSA includes Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill counties in Oregon and Clark and Skamania counties in Washington.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

The pdf version of the news release, including tables and graphs, can be found at www.qualityinfo.org/press-release/. To obtain the data in other formats such as in Excel, visit www.QualityInfo.org, select *Economic Data*, and choose *LAUS* or *CES*. To request the press release as a Word document, contact the person shown at the top of this press release.

You can subscribe to receive notification of new articles and publications from www.QualityInfo.org. To subscribe, go to <https://www.qualityinfo.org/p-sofrm>, enter your email address and click Sign In. In the Publication section, click on the + sign next to a report type category and then click on the geography(s) you are interested in. Take some time to browse the other publications on the page and see if there are some you'd like to receive an email notification for. You can receive notifications on a daily, weekly, or monthly schedule – whichever is most convenient for you. You can change your preferences – or unsubscribe – at any time.

For help finding jobs and training resources, visit one of the state's WorkSource Oregon Centers or go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

The Oregon Employment Department (OED) is an equal opportunity agency. Everyone has a right to use OED programs and services. OED provides free help. Some examples are: Sign language and spoken language interpreters, written materials in other languages, braille, large print, audio and other formats. If you need help, please call 971-673-6400. TTY users call 711. You can also ask for help at OED_Communications@employ.oregon.gov.

###